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# Multiple View Geometry: Exercise Sheet 6

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Exercise: 5 July 2011

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## Part I: Theory

The following exercises should be **solved at home**. You do not have to hand in your solutions, however, writing it down will help you present your answer during the tutorials.

1. Let  $F \in \mathbb{R}^{3 \times 3}$  the fundamental matrix for cameras  $C_1$  and  $C_2$ . Show that the following holds for the epipoles  $e_1$  and  $e_2$ :

$$Fe_1 = 0 \qquad e_2^T F = 0$$

2. The essential matrix  $E := \hat{T}R$  with  $T \in \mathbb{R}^3$  and  $R \in \text{SO}(3)$  has the singular value decomposition  $E = U\Sigma V^T$ . Let further  $R_Z(\pm\frac{\pi}{2})$  be the rotation by  $\pm\frac{\pi}{2}$  around the  $z$ -axis. Show the following properties:

(a)  $\hat{T} = UR_Z(\pm\frac{\pi}{2})\Sigma U^T \in \text{so}(3)$ , i.e. is a skew-symmetric matrix.

(b)  $R = UR_Z(\pm\frac{\pi}{2})^T V^T \in \text{SO}(3)$ , i.e. is a rotation matrix.

3. Consider matrices  $E = \hat{T}R$  and  $H = R + Tu^T$  with  $R \in \mathbb{R}^{3 \times 3}$  and  $T, u \in \mathbb{R}^3$ . Show that the following holds.

(a)  $E = \hat{T}H$

(b)  $H^T E + E^T H = 0$

## Part II: Practical Exercises

This exercise is to be solved **during the tutorial**.

1. Download the package `mvg_ex06.tgz` from the website and extract the images `batinria0.tif` and `batinria1.tif`.
2. Show the first image and mark at least 8 points. You can retrieve the pixel coordinates of mouse clicks with the command `[x,y] = ginput(gcf)`. Then show the second image and click at the corresponding points in the same order. Again you can get the pixel coordinates with `ginput`. Now you should have the 2D coordinates of corresponding point pairs.
3. Implement the 8-point algorithm from the lecture and run it with these point pairs. To this end, you have to transform the coordinates. The intrinsic camera matrices are:

$$K1 = \begin{pmatrix} 844.310547 & 0 & 243.413315 \\ 0 & 1202.508301 & 281.529236 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$K2 = \begin{pmatrix} 852.721008 & 0 & 252.021805 \\ 0 & 1215.657349 & 288.587189 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

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**Hints:**

- `kron`
  - `reshape`
  - It might occur that one of the matrices  $U$  oder  $V^\top$  of the SVD of  $E$  has a determinant of  $-1$ . In this case, determine the SVD of  $-E$ .
4. Reconstruct the depths of the points as described on slides 16 and 17.

**Matlab-Tutorials:**

<http://www.math.utah.edu/lab/ms/matlab/matlab.html>

<http://www.math.ufl.edu/help/matlab-tutorial/>

<http://www.glue.umd.edu/~nsw/ench250/matlab.htm>