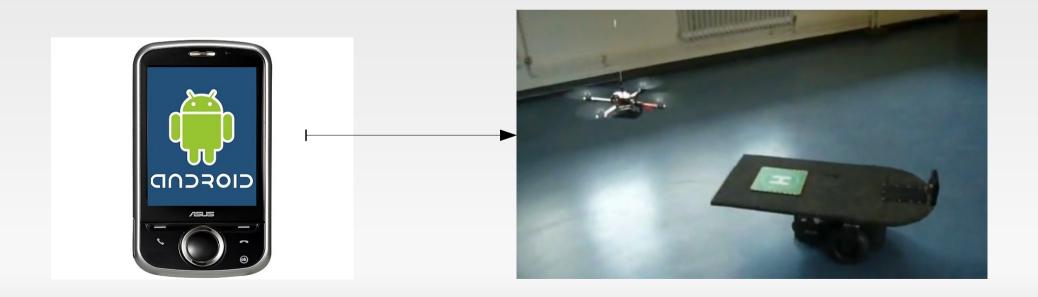
Visual Navigation for Flying Robots – Project Proposal

Autonomous Landing on the Moving Platform

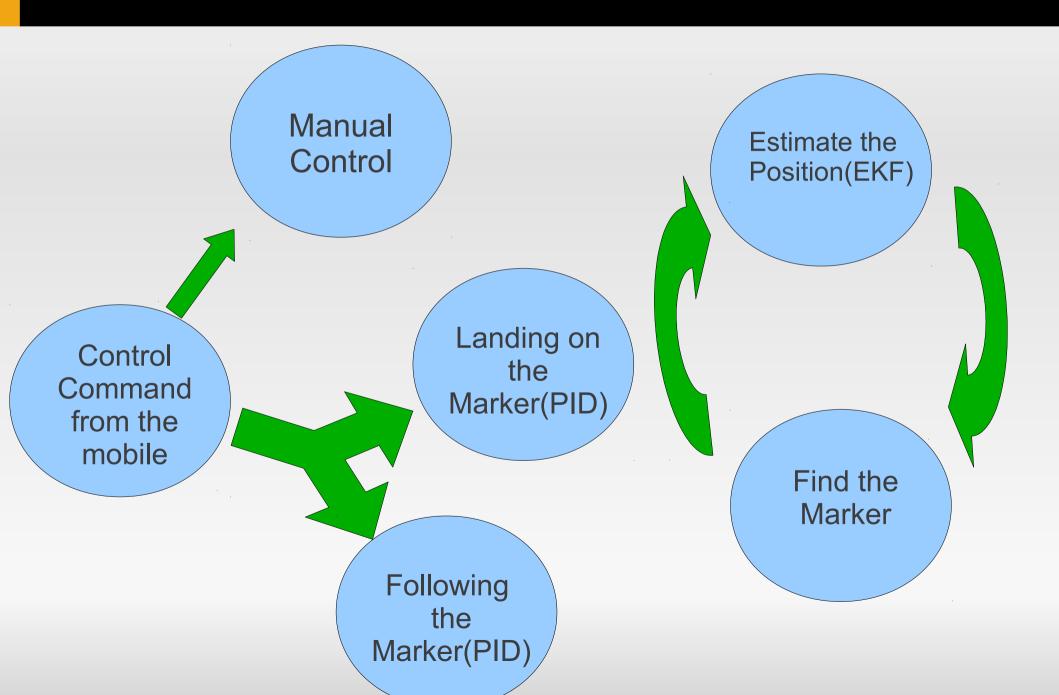
presented by Ross Kidson, Karol Hausman, Sebastian Nagel

Motivation

- Controlled landing in difficult environments
- Following the marker implicitly
- Control with the Android Smartphone



State Graph



Problem Specification

Extended Kalman Filter:

$$\bar{\mu}_t = g(\mu_{t-1}, u_t)$$

$$\mu_t = \bar{\mu}_t + K_t(z_t - h(\bar{\mu}_t))$$

PID controller:

$$u_t = K_P(x_{\text{des}} - x_t) + K_D(\dot{x}_{\text{des}} - \dot{x}_t) + K_I \int x_{\text{des}} - x_t dt$$

Problem Specification

Safe landing:

- Iteratively shrink the distance between the landing platfrom and the quadrocopter
- Changing the desired position dynamically in the PID controller
- If quadrocopter height is below certain treshold → land on the platform

Approach

- rosjava on Android for mobile control (Sebastian Nagel)
- EKF for position estimation (Karol Hausman)
- PID controller for remaining in the desired position (Karol Hausman)
- Landing on the moving platform generate the trajectory for safe landing (Ross Kidson)

Implementation Plan

- 1) Mobile control and Landing are separate tasks
 - → better collaboration in the group
- 2)Implement landing on the static platform, test the performance
- 3)Implement landing on the moving platform, test the performance
- 4)Add the mobile control

Challanges and Future Work

- Working on the real robot → uncertainty about the performance in different environments
- Possible extentions:
 - Mobile interface to control many aspects of the robot → written on Android
 - Landing on the moving platform without the marker
 - Identification landing zones

Autonomous Landing on the Moving Platform

Questions?

Thank you for your attention.